

# THE HARTFORD HERALD.

Subscription \$1 Per Year, in Advance.

"Come, the Herald of a Noisy World, the News of All Nations lumbering at My Back."

All Kinds Job Printing Neatly Executed.

39th YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1913.

NO. 24

## CHILDREN'S HOME SOCIETY REPORT

Indicates a Great Burden Upon the State.

## MONEY BEING SPENT LAVISHLY

State Inspector Goodpaster Criticizes Accounts of Supt. Sehon.

## FIGURES SPEAK OUT PLAINLY

Frankfort, Ky., June 7.—Analyzing the accounts of the Kentucky Children's Home Society, State Inspector and Examiner Sherman Goodpaster, in a report to Gov. McCreary, criticizes features of the accounts, which he declares to be extravagant, particularly the per capita cost of malatenance, the amount of the superintendent's salary and the paying of his expenses attending the last session of the Legislature in the interest of an increased appropriation, the expense being \$700. He says the Society has purchased property with the State's money and taken title in its own name, and he recommends that if the State continues to contribute to the support of the institution it should have a representative on the Board.

He finds that the General Assembly in 1902 gave the Society \$5,000, in 1904 it gave the Society \$15,000 annually, in 1908 this was doubled and in 1912 increased to \$50,000.

The institution had, May 31, 1912, real estate worth \$29,241.80. Its receipts for the year, ending May 1, 1912, were \$64,648.76 and its disbursements \$64,022.76.

The average number of children kept in the Home, Mr. Goodpaster reported, was 87.8 during the fiscal year. "Based on the State's appropriation of \$30,000 the per capita is \$341.68; based upon the total income from the last fiscal year, a total of \$39,192.56, the per capita is \$446.37. Based on the present appropriation of \$50,000 the per capita is \$569.47. Assuming that the receipts from donations, county contracts, etc., will be the same for the present fiscal year as the last, or a total income of \$39,192.56, the per capita is \$674.16. These figures speak for themselves, no comment is necessary.

Office salaries, he says, increased from \$16,325.67 in 1912 to \$19,189.92 in 1913, and Home salaries, he says, must be added \$10,835.20 in 1913. To these 1913 salaries he says, must be added salaries of special workers now shown on the payroll.

He then takes up a \$1,500 note made by Mr. Sehon, the superintendent, to the Society. The books still show there is due on said note \$800 and accrued interest amounting to \$139.53. The credit of \$700 is explained by an entry in the journal and a statement made by L. Comingor, an accountant employed by the society.

The entry of March 31, 1912, says:

Expense (special) . . . . . \$700

To bills receivable:

Note (George L. Sehon) . . . . . \$700

Mr. Comingor explains:

"At a meeting of the Board of Kentucky Children's Home Society, April 11, 1912, moved by Mr. Bullock and seconded that Mr. Sehon's expenses, amounting to \$700, incurred at Frankfort attending the legislative session in the interest of an increased appropriation for our Society, be credited against his indebtedness to the Society."

Mr. Goodpaster says that at the time of this inspection, January 10, 1913, the minutes, containing this entry, had not been recorded nor signed. "Your examiner also inquired as to whether Mr. Sehon had filed an itemized expense account, covering this expenditure of \$700 and was informed by the secretary, Miss Mayer, that he had not. Your examiner deems this expenditure of \$700 an unwarranted extravagance and one that is calculated to throw an unjust suspicion upon our last General Assembly. And I wish to condemn in no uncertain terms the practice of using part of an appropriation made by the State to maintain a lobby to increase that appropriation."

He says the Little Citizen, a paper

published by the Society, has proven itself to be nonsupporting and advises that it be discontinued. In 1911, he says, it lost \$876.68 and in 1912 it lost \$1,196.84.

He says the Society purchased four buildings in Louisville, "and it is evident that they were purchased with the State's money. The title to this property is vested in the Society and not in the State."

He suggested that if the State continues to make appropriations for the institution, it should be represented on the board by one member, required to make reports at stated intervals or when requested.

Mr. Goodpaster compares the salary of \$5,000 paid Supt. Sehon with the salaries of superintendents of State institutions:

Feeble Minded Institute, \$2,000; the three State Hospitals, \$2,000 each; Blind Institute, \$1,800; Deaf Institute, \$2,000; Wardens of prisons, \$2,000 each; Superintendent of School of Reform, \$2,100; Commandant Confederate Home, \$1,500.

## O. DAMMITT—HE JUST WANTS NAME CHANGED

Elmsford, N. C., June 7.—Orlando Dammitt, of this village, wishes to change his name and has started proceedings to that end. Dammitt says that his name has caused him a great deal of worry. For instance, it is a common thing to hear some friend shout:

"Dammit! Come here a second, will you?"

Then again, Dammitt says that it is rather awkward for him when his name is being called at lodge meetings. The secretary goes down the list of names and when he comes to his, says:

"O. Dammitt!"

Half the time, Dammitt says he doesn't know whether his name is being called or whether the secretary has made a blot on the books and is merely giving vent to his feelings.

"I'm getting sick of it," says Dammitt. "Good heavens, it was bad enough when I went to school. I played on the football team and whenever I made a good play the fellows used to give me a long cheer. It went something like this: 'rah, rah, rah, hoo-ray! Dammit! Dammit! O. Dammit!'"

## JAPANESE SAY THEIR PRIDE IS OFFENDED

Washington, June 4.—The long delayed rejoinder of Japan to the American reply was delivered this afternoon.

Viscount Chinda, the Japanese Ambassador, presented the note in person to William Jennings Bryan, Secretary of State, at the State Department.

The American Secretary and the Japanese Ambassador had an hour's earnest discussion over the document. At the conclusion of this talk Secretary Bryan dispatched the document to the President. Japan asserts unequivocally in her rejoinder that Japan occupies an absolutely equal position among the first-class and leading nations of the world.

Japan holds that, occupying such a position, the California alien law and the Arizona law constitute an offense to the pride, dignity and honor of the Japanese. The treaty of 1911 also is violated, it is alleged.

Nothing in the nature of an ultimatum is contained in the note. Its general tone is to invite further discussion of the controversial points, and it contains nothing tending to make up a final issue.

Secretary Bryan and the Ambassador agreed that no details should be made public.

## SUPT. HEETER OUSTED FROM PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Pittsburg, June 7.—After many weeks of investigation the Board of Public Education to-night discharged S. L. Heeter, superintendent of public schools, finding him guilty of immorality in making improper advances and taking unwarranted liberties with women. Only one member of the board, Miss Beulah Kennard, voted against his discharge.

For dusting hen and in nests use Conkey's Lice Powder, 10c, 25c and 50c. (Sample free). For miles in poultry houses get Conkey's Lice Liquid, \$1 gal. Satisfaction guaranteed. Z. Wilbur Mitchell, Beaver Dam, Ky.

21tsp

## NEW PRIMARY LAW IS UPHELD

### Test Case Against County Clerk Is Decided.

## IT WILL KNOCK OUT FUSION

### If Upheld By the Court Of Appeals, Where It Goes Immediately.

## OF INTEREST TO ALL VOTERS

The validity of the act of the Legislature of 1912 in providing for a Statewide primary election for the nomination of candidates by political parties was upheld Friday in an opinion handed down by the four Common Pleas Judges of the Jefferson Circuit Court in the cases of three candidates seeking to mandamus County Clerk P. S. Ray to have their names printed on ballots to be voted for in the August primary election. The demurrers to the petitions were sustained and the motion for a writ of mandamus overruled.

The opinion was written by Judge William Field and filed in the Charles T. Gardner case and was signed by Judge Thomas R. Gordon, Judge Walter Lincoln and Judge William Smith, as well as by Judge Field.

In addition to denying the writ of mandamus the opinion states that signers of the petitions of Gardner and George R. Ewald, a candidate, have no capacity to maintain actions, and that under the law only candidates may institute proceedings under Section 27 of the primary act. The opinion holds that as a condition precedent to the right to seek nomination by any party required to nominate by primary, one must have the following personal qualifications:

"First—he must, at the time he files his petition to become a candidate, be a qualified elector. "Second—he must, at the time he files his petition, be a member of a political party. "Third—he must have, heretofore, affiliated with that party of which he is a member at the time of filing his petition."

Fourth—he must have supported the nominees of that party at the last regular election."

It is held in the opinion that no privileges are denied voters in the primary election, and there is no interference with an elective franchise, as the primary provided for is not an election within the meaning of the Constitution.

In the course of the opinion the following language is found:

"The effect of the act of 1912 is to prohibit the nomination of any candidate by more than one of the parties subject to its provisions. It is not thought that this is contrary to any constitutional principle. The Constitution embodies limitations upon the power of the Legislature. That instrument in no way curtails the right of the Legislature relative to the manner or methods of nominating candidates for office. In the absence of constitutional limitation, it seems that the Legislature has the inherent authority to legislate on the subject free from judicial obstruction. It is no less within the province of the Legislature to enact, without judicial interference, laws tending to preserve the integrity of political parties.

"It is not necessary to attempt to say what is meant by the constitutional requirement of a secret ballot; but it is apparent that its spirit does not extend to the point of preventing the Legislature requiring that a candidate for a party nomination shall establish his membership in that party by stating that he voted for its nominees at the last election. This has no connection with the election and is not related to the purpose which evolved the secret ballot nor the evil it was designed to remedy."

The cases will be appealed to the Court of Appeals at once.

Or, Mayhap, Andrew Jackson.

Already there are 22 little Woodrow Wilson Thingumbobs in Williamson, W. Va., and it's a ten-to-one shot that two-thirds of their granddaddies are Zachary Taylor Whatecaisms. —[Marietta Register.

## CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

### For Filling of the Fourth-Class Post-Offices.

## INSTRUCTIONS IN PREMISES

### Subjects Covered By the Examinations and Credits Awarded.

## NOT SO EASY AS IT LOOKS

(By Congressman C. H. Javener.) Washington, June 7.—Members of Congress have little to do in connection with the filling of fourth-class post-offices.

Civil Service examinations will be held for the filling of each fourth-class office, and these examinations will be open to all, including the present postmasters.

It would not appear from the copy of the Civil Service Commission's instructions to applicants for the fourth-class postmaster examinations that the tests are very severe, and yet, experience shows that there are not a few who fail to pass. The subjects covered by the examination and the credits given are:

1. Elementary arithmetic and accounts (simple tests in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of whole numbers and common and decimal fractions and statements of a postmaster's accounts), 40 credits.

2. Penmanship (the legibility, neatness and general appearance of the competitor's handwriting in the subject of letter writing), 10 credits.

3. Letter writing (a letter of not less than 125 words on one of two subjects furnished), ten credits.

4. Copying manuscript addresses (a simple test in copying accurately addresses given), ten credits.

5. Facilities for transacting postal business (based on the location of the post-office site, the convenience of office arrangements, etc.), thirty credits; total 100 credits.

The examination in the first subject consists of five questions along the following lines:

In question 1 the competitor is given eight whole numbers to add and from their sum he is required to subtract another given whole number.

In question 2 the competitor is given the value of the stamps canceled at a certain post-office; the amount of money received for newspaper and periodical postage, and from the sale of waste paper, twine, etc.; also the box rents collected. He is required to enter the figures in a given form, and to compute the salary of the postmaster for the quarter in accordance with the directions given in the form.

Question 3 consists of multiplication and division of decimals, and also the reduction of a fraction to a decimal.

Question 4 is a practical application of measurements, such as finding how many post-office boxes of a given size can be put in a certain space, or how many yards of burlap of a given width are required to cover a floor of a given size, etc.

In question 5 the competitor is given the amount and fee of each money-order paid at a given post-office for a certain month. From this data he is to make a statement of the postmaster's account with the Government in a prescribed form and to balance the statement.

All persons securing an average of 70 will get their names on the eligible list, and from the three highest the Postmaster-General will select the postmaster. In the case of persons honorably discharged from the military or naval service by reason of disability from wounds received or sickness incurred in the line of duty, an average of 65 will be sufficient and such applicant will be given preference over all others in appointment.

Where the office pays more than \$500 persons over 65 years are made ineligible. Where women are declared by statute of full age for all purposes at 18, they are eligible for examination and appointment.

The examination in each case will be held at the most convenient point and will be conducted, when possible, by local examining boards. Marking of the papers will be done by the Commission.

It will be necessary for every applicant to fill out an application blank which may be obtained from the postmaster, and notice of time of the examination will be served a few days before it is held. In every case the character and record of the applicant must be good and the applicant be vouched for by at least five persons.

## SHOOTS BROTHER AND QUICKLY ENDS OWN LIFE

Newport, Ky., June 7.—A reign of terror was created at Fourth and Brighton streets last night when Samuel Moore, 35 years old, fired a bullet into the neck of his brother, John Moore, seriously wounding him, and later turned the revolver upon himself, inflicting a wound from which he died almost instantly.

Shortly before 8 o'clock as John Moore was standing in front of his home at Fourth and Brighton, Samuel Moore turned the corner of Fifth street and started in the direction of his brother's home. Without a word he whipped a revolver from his coat's pocket, witnessed by, and fired one shot at his brother.

John fell to the sidewalk with a

John P. White, president; Frank J. Hayes, vice president; Thomas J. Haggerty, Joseph Vassey, James Cantrell, Charles Harley, Marco Roman, George H. Edmonds and Benjamin F. Morris, organizers of the United Mine Workers of America; Thomas Cairns, president; Clarence C. Griffith, vice president; James M. Crago, secretary of District No. 17, United Mine Workers of America; and Jas. Diana, John Nutter, Rome Mitchell, W. S. Reece, F. D. Stanley, U. S. Cantley and A. D. Lavender, subordinate officers of District No. 17.

The indictments charged that the nineteen men, affiliated with the United Mine Workers of America, did in Kanawha county, West Virginia, and within the jurisdiction of the Federal District Court, engage in a combination and conspiracy in restraint of trade and commerce in the several States. The offense is said to have started September 1, 1912, and continued since.

It is charged that the indicted men have been agents and members of an unincorporated voluntary organization of individuals as a labor union known as the United Mine Workers of America, having many thousands of members who unlawfully combined and conspired together with the object and intent of unionizing and making members of said organization the laborers employed in and around the coal mines of the State of West Virginia in order that and with the intent that said organization by regulating the wage to be paid to said laborers for their work could and would fix and control the price at which the coal mined in the State of West Virginia could compete with coal mined in the Western part of Pennsylvania and in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois in the markets of the States of the United States outside of West Virginia.

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Stoutly Denies Conspiracy.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 7.—It is ridiculous."

Thus Edwin Perry, secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, to-night expressed himself when informed of the indictments returned against the mine workers officials in Charleston, W. Va.

"We have never conspired in any way against the West Virginia operators and have only tried to see that the miners there received fair compensation for their work. In the matter of wages we always were willing to leave it to disinterested parties and were ready to take a reduction in the scale if facts warranted. The West Virginia operators always have fought our attempts to unionize the miners and we felt that under those conditions it was impossible for the men to receive just wages."

What Every Married Man Knows.

In proposing to lighten the income tax burden for married men Senator Williams evidently goes on the theory that bachelorhood should be taxed as a luxury.—[Newark Star.

For Sale.

## NOISE OF BATTLE YET IN HIS EARS

He Remembers Strife Of  
Fifty Years Ago.

### CARRIED REGIMENT'S COLORS

Through Many Fierce Battles  
Amid Roar of Biting  
Cannon.

#### A VERY THRILLING NARRATIVE

By L. R. Tichenor.

Rockport, Ky., June 4, 1913.  
In an old-fashioned mansion located in one of Rockport's quaint, old-fashioned streets, lives a man whose story reads like a page from fiction.

Andrew Joseph Smith, survivor of the battle of Fredericksburg, veteran of the Civil War and one of Rockport's oldest and most respected citizens, is a man whose history is fraught and interwoven with tragedy and romance. Mr. Smith, who is also the oldest engineer in Kentucky, if not in the United States, daily he can be seen walking to his work. For forty years he has traversed the railroad between this city and Ebola, a mining town a mile and a half away. During this long period he has walked a distance of 27,000 miles. Twice each day he comes and goes never tired, never complaining and always cheerful and in a good humor.

THE "SHREVEPORT BATTLES" of the great battle of Fredericksburg. Through the awful horror of this terrible conflict he went, and lived to tell the story of his experience. While serving as a soldier during the Civil War he refused to allow Abraham Lincoln, then President, to pass through the lines when requested to do so by his aldedecamp. Mr. Smith was only a mere youth and he had been given instructions to refuse every one admittance to the room where the soldiers were stationed. When the President himself applied, he was turned back. Instead of being angry, the great Lincoln was pleased with the lad's tenacity in obeying orders, as subsequent developments proved.

Mr. Smith resides in an old colonial mansion on Main street in this city. He is a familiar figure on the streets of this city, being one of the town's oldest and most respected citizens. He is seventy-two years old, but despite this, he gets about quite lively and is full and hearty. While in a reminiscent mood the other day he related his war-time experiences to a reporter for The Herald. The story told by the aged veteran demonstrates the old saying that truth is stranger than fiction.

When the call for volunteers was issued, young Smith was one of the first to respond. He was needed at home, but the patriotic American blood flowing through his veins predominated and he answered the call of his country and took up arms against the South. It was during the time of strife, turmoil and bloodshed when brother met brother in mortal combat that he had the most remarkable experience of his career.

For ninety days he fought the battles of war with the 5th Pennsylvania Volunteers. He was a member of Company I, and it was while he was a member of this company that he refused to permit Abraham Lincoln to pass through the lines when he was requested to do so by his aldedecamp. Mr. Smith had been left, with several others, to guard the entrance of the room where the soldiers were stationed to be inspected. He was one of the first guards at the main entrance. "Let no one enter" were the instructions, grim and awful in their very simplicity. Vigilant and alert, the young soldier boy stood at the door, a loaded musket in his hands and a sword hanging by his side. Suddenly the silence that had grown almost monotonous was broken by the tread of many feet.

Dim forms silhouetted against the background appeared like grotesque specters. "Halt! who goes there?" rang out clear and sharp, like the ringing report of a pistol. A moment's silence followed. The situation was a tense one. "Click, click," went the hammer of the boy soldier's musket, sounding ominous in its significance.

"An aldedecamp of the President," called out among the shadows. "May we enter?" "Halt! advance no further," was the reply given without hesitation.

With a muttered curse the President's aldedecamp turned and disappeared in the darkness. Soon a Lieutenant of the guard appeared, fuming with rage. "What's the

"noise with you?" he cried. "It is the President that wanted to enter."

"My orders were to admit no one, and no one enters that door," said young Smith.

That day, when the soldiers were lined up to be inspected by the general, young Smith was about the middle of the line. When he approached the boy soldier who had even refused to admit the President of the United States, in carrying out his orders, Mr. Lincoln stopped and placed his arm around young Smith's shoulders. "My boy," said the great emancipator, "you'll do as a soldier. Always obey instructions. Abe Lincoln is your friend."

Thus did this great man infuse into the mind of the young soldier a courage and enthusiasm that is after days enabled him to face the deadly cannon and other instruments of war with the dauntless bravery of a hero. Young Smith joined the blue-clad army in Pennsylvania, being sent from there to Washington to help defend the Capitol of the United States.

"I knew," said Mr. Smith, "that my father had only a short time to live, my country called for me and I joined the army. The hardest thing I ever did was when I stood in the presence of my father and said, 'Father, I have joined the army,' knowing as I did that I would probably never see him again."

Young Smith was color-bearer

for his regiment and on one occasion he carried the stars and stripes through one of the thickest battles of the great civil strife. His clothing torn and his flesh bleeding, he carried the flag through the warmth of the fight.

"Just before the battle," said Mr. Smith, in narrating his story to the reporter, "my Captain came to me and said, 'Joseph, my boy, back in the States I have a wife and little girl. I will never see them again. I will be killed in this battle.' 'Oh,' says I to him, 'Captain, don't feel that way, you won't get killed.' 'Yes, Joe, I will fall in this fight. I feel that way. Jole, if you ever see them, tell them good-bye and that my last thoughts were of them.' This man was Captain Geo. J. Lawrence, of Company A, 12th Inf't., Pennsylvania Volunteers.

"Few, few shall part where many meet. The snow shall be their winding sheet; And every turf beneath their feet Shall be a soldier's sepulcher."

The bugles sounded, the charge was given, rifles spat a ball of fire and the cannon hurled their deadly missiles. For hours the battle raged. Side by side Captain and color-bearer fought the fight of desperation. No power on earth could save the soldiers from the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave. Suddenly the Captain drew his sword and waved it over his head. "Charge double!" he cried, just as the bugle sent the retreat signal echoing away over the distant hills, like the wall of a lost soul.

The Captain never finished the sentence. Death's grim messenger in the shape of a Confederate bullet froze the unspoken words on his lips and sealed them forever. He staggered and pitched forward, dead, while the battle raged on in all its fury.

His promontion of approaching death had been fulfilled. The brave Captain had paid his last debt to nature and was waiting to be judged by the highest tribunal known to man. Grasping the American flag, young Smith carried it through the thickest of the fight, despite the fact that the enemy sent charge after charge into their ranks, like a shower of hail. His clothing was torn by the bullets fired by the Confederates, but he escaped from the very jaws of death with his life. The tread of many feet over the rough ground sent the ominous echoes over the distant hills which were carried away by the wind sighing through the trees in melancholy cadence. The enemy was fleeing from the attack and their feet

"Like muffled drums were beating Funeral marches to the grave."

Thousands fell in the awful conflict at Fredericksburg that day and young Smith carried the flag through the thickest of the fight. Whether or not he was born under a lucky star or was protected by a mother's prayer, he cannot say, but one thing is sure, he escaped death in the most remarkable manner.

On this eventful day both armies, the Blue and the Gray, fought with courage born of desperation. The heads of their columns met in

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Scattered over the great battlefield were hundreds of human bodies, while high up among the clouds scores of uncanny death-birds hovered over the scene of carnage, like silent spectres. As the shadows of approaching nightfall cast sombre reflections like fantastical forms, the surviving men of war, stalwart and brave, bowed in the gloaming and with hands uplifted, thanked the great Power for the protection of their lives during the horrible conflict between the Blue-clad men of the North, and the Gray-robed warriors of the South.

That night was one long to be remembered by the thinly clad soldiers. The wind wolf riding upon the crest of winter's storms sent its chilly blast out over the country-side like the icy hand of death and

"The drums beat at the dead of night."

Commanding fires of death to light."

The darkness of the scenery.

Sleep was impossible that night. Living soldiers lying between the bodies of fallen comrades, was the awful spectacle to be witnessed on the mammoth battlefield.

The moon cast its misty rays over a scene of ruin and desolation and the wintry wind howled a mournful dirge as it swept over the bodies of the half-dead soldiers. Through this horror young Smith went, and lived to tell the story.

He lives to-day as he has lived in days gone by, a living memorial to help perpetuate the memory of his fallen comrades who so nobly gave up their lives for their country's sake and honor. One by one the survivors have answered the last roll-call and found peace and rest in the silent city of the dead. Soon the bugle blast, like the clarion call of the recording angel's trumpet, will shriek forth its final command and "taps" will sound for the last time when given by the dark visaged messenger of death.

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With a smile of grim satisfaction those remaining battle-scarred veterans of war will answer the roll-call and enter into the haven of rest they so richly deserve.

Power of the Ballot.

Antisthenes once ironically advised the Athenians to pass a public vote that asses were horses. When that seemed to them rather unreasonable he said, "But you make men generals, by a public vote, who have no military qualities."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Biting, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. See

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# THE DRINKING OF OUR PRESIDENTS

A Matter of Public Comment For Years.

## NUMBER OF CHIEF EXECUTIVES

Have Been Charged With Intemperance—Associates Say It Isn't True.

### STORY OF ANDREW JOHNSON

Colonel Roosevelt's suit against the Michigan editor who charged him with drunkenness recalls the regularity with which some portion of the American public has been convinced that the distinguished occupant of the White House was "drinking too much." Mr. Wilson has been fortunate in escaping any such story. But if he does so throughout his term his experience will be unusual.

Mr. Taft is a teetotaler. He used to explain with great frankness that he liked wine, but among the measures recommended to reduce weight, he had decided to abstain from all alcohols. And, yet the story that "Taft is drinking a good deal now," has at times been passed about with considerable industry. It was true that in the trials of the Presidential office he lost his temper on certain occasions, addressing the persons about him with such astonishing vigor that they were prone to attribute it to the most usual of explanations.

At all stages of Mr. Cleveland's career somebody was ready to circulate the yarn that he was "drinking heavily." It was not true. Those who knew him best always insisted in testifying that such a charge was wholly without foundation.

Stories of General Grant's drinking, in the army and in office, are readily recalled by those familiar with the period in which he figured. The statue of General Rawlins in Pennsylvania avenue is often pointed out by the irreverent guide as that of the man who made himself useful "keeping Grant sober." This is a highly exaggerated view.

There seems to be no doubt that Andrew Johnson was under the influence of liquor on taking the oath of office as Vice-President. This made a distinctly unfavorable impression upon the country. And yet the men who were closest to him dissent vigorously from the idea that he regularly drank to excess. Hugh McCullough, of his Cabinet, in "Men and Measures of Half a Century," written many years after Johnson's death, discusses this point with great clearness and detail, combatting the assertion that his chief was given to inebriety. William E. Chandler, who saw Johnson almost every day for two and one-half years of his administration, has always held that this criticism of the President was undeserved. Mr. Chandler also explains that Johnson arrived in Washington the morning of his inauguration, from a belated and wearisome railroad ride, and after the manner of the times—to brace himself up for the supposed ordeal of the day—took a draft of whiskey which proved too much for his peculiar nervous condition.

Our public men have weaknesses and faults enough, if charged only with those of which they are guilty. —[Boston Herald.]

**Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.**  
The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heats at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

### OCCUPATION OF SOLONS

—MOST CLAIM FARMING

It is interesting to note that over half of the members of the House were born on farms, and while almost half of them, 290 to be exact, record themselves as lawyers, a good many of them still claim to be farmers or to be living in villages. Seventy-eight of them are engaged

The baby's telegram ran: "Regret to announce that hand which rocked the cradle has kicked the bucket."

A sprained ankle may as a rule be cured in from three to four days by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and observing the directions with each bottle. For sale by all dealers. —(Advertisement.)

He Had It In Him. "Children," said the teacher, instructing the class in composition, "you should not attempt any flights of fancy; simply be yourselves and write what is in you. Do not imitate any other person's writings or draw inspiration from outside sources."

As a result of this advice one bright lad turned in the following: "We should not attempt any flights of fancy, but write what is in us. In me there is my stomach, lungs, heart, liver, two apples, one piece of pie, one stick of lemon candy and my dinner."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA (Advertisement.)

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

In various kinds of mercantile business, twenty-four are newspaper men, several are engaged in iron and steel manufactures of various kinds, thirteen are educators, five are doctors, one is a dentist, one is a pharmacist, one is a horticulturist, one a naval architect, one a hatter, one a printer, two are authors, one a telegrapher, one a soldier, one an electrician, one a chemist, and one a minister. —[The Christian Herald.]

### LETTERS YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE

From Your Doctor. On reconsidering your case I would advise you to destroy the prescription I gave you and then use a little of your own common sense, which is cheaper and safer than drugs. Five dollars consultation fee is returned herewith.

From Your Wife. I can't seem to think of one unpleasant thing to write you about—not one. The maid hasn't left, the children are all well, and—best of all—I have saved enough out of my household allowance to pay the milliner, the dressmaker and the garage bill, besides making a small payment on the new rent, which was worrying you so when you went away.

From Your Bunker. According to our ledger, your checking account shows an overdraft of \$13.65. Please accept our thanks. We wish more of our lady patrons understood that the chief function of a national bank is loaning money to its small depositors without security. Trusting that you will continue to draw upon the funds of this institution as if they were your own, and thanking you for past favors, we remain,

From Your Daughter. You are right. In affairs of the heart a daughter's happiness is subordinate to the parental whim. I love Roy and desire to marry him, but have accepted Fred, stupid as he is, knowing that you will find him a devoted and congenial son.

From Your Lawyer. Badly as I need the money, I cannot conscientiously accept the case, knowing as I do that legal proceedings would be a foolish and needless expense. The dispute is one that can be easily settled by arbitration. Your generous retainer is respectfully returned herewith. —[Judge.]

Best Laxative for the Aged. Old men and women feel the need of laxative more than young folks, but it must be safe and harmless and one which will not cause pain. Dr. King's New Life Pills are especially good for the aged, for they act promptly and easily. Price 25c. Recommended by James H. Williams.

(Advertisement.)

The Telegram. "Sir Arthur T. Quiller-Couch, since he accepted the chair of English Literature at Cambridge, has blossomed out as a very witty lecturer," said a Chicago editor.

"I attended one of 'Q's' lectures the last time I was in Cambridge. I still remember an anecdote where-with he illustrated the rottenness of fancy or hifalutin' writing.

"He condemned first the fancy phrases so common in the magazines and popular novels—and then he said that these phrases were as absurd to cultivated ears as the telegram that the baby sent from Bombay to announce the death of his mother.

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# WINTER PASSED ON BIG GLACIER

One Of the Party Tells Of Hardships Endured

### BY DR. MAWSON'S EXPEDITION

Various Occupations Were Engaged In To Pass Time Away.

### SPENT 17 DAYS IN A BLIZZARD

London, June 6.—The first account has reached England of the experiences of Frank Wild and his seven companions, who, forming the second base of Dr. Mawson's Antarctic expedition, lived on a glacier for a winter and discovered a great tract of land with 350 miles of coast line. This land, which, it is said, probably extends to the pole itself, has been named Queen Mary's land.

"We prepared for winter in our glacier home," Mr. Wild said here. "We dug a tunnel, with eaves to hold our stores, and entered by means of a trapdoor on top, rinsed above the snow. We had a regular routine of work in the morning, with the afternoon off. We amused ourselves with hockey, football and skiing in the weather, with chess, checkers and cards when unable to venture out.

"In August we again made preparations for sledging, one party of three going eastward and another to the west. The latter surveyed all the coast line to the point reached by the German expedition of 1902. On one trip it did 510 miles at an altitude of 2,400 to 3,000 feet. This party discovered the largest Emperor penguin rookery ever recorded. It was on an island 65 miles west of Glacier hut, and here were congregated some 7,000 young Emperor birds, in addition to innumerable ordinary penguins.

"Falling down crevasses was more or less common. We all got grazed and bruised, while once Mr. Watson was down a crevasse for 20 minutes before he was hauled out.

"Our worst experience was in October, when the western party was laid up for 17 days in a blizzard, the longest on record. I never before experienced one of more than nine days. It is difficult to imagine what it means for three men to be imprisoned in a tent six feet across, which got gradually smaller with piled up snow outside, no room to lie straight and nothing to read. Sixteen hours out of 24 we spent in sleep. At the end of the blizzard we were weak as kittens, but it is extraordinary how soon one picks up. I have known cases where a man would gain five or six pounds in weight after one meal."

The Brilliant Stars of June.

By the end of June, Mars, Venus, Saturn and Jupiter will all be morning stars, but Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is at all times the "Star" medicine for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. A cold in June is as apt to develop into bronchitis or pneumonia as at any other time, but not if Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is taken. It will surely head off the cold, and heal the inflamed membranes. The genuine in a yellow package. For sale by all dealers.

(Advertisement.)

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in which to prepare a writ of error, and the bond for \$20,000 on which he has been at liberty since his conviction, was allowed to stand.

Half a dozen Deputy United States Marshals, who had grouped themselves about Johnson in anticipation of resistance when the prison sentence was given, left the room when Judge Carpenter announced that the fighter could continue temporarily at liberty.

The sentence to the State penitentiary is the result of a recent order from Washington that all persons convicted in the Federal Court in this district should be sent to the State prison, owing to the crowded condition of the Federal prison at Leavenworth.

Johnson left the courtroom declaring he would not give up his fight for liberty and that if the writ of error were denied, he would make further appeals.

Johnson was convicted May 10 of having paid for the transportation of Belle Schreiber from Pittsburgh to Chicago.

(From Leslie's, May, 1863.)

The manufacture of tar has been commenced by the Norwegian settlers at Grand Traverse, Mich., and the first consignment of 15 barrels found ready sale at \$1 per gallon in the Chicago market.

On the 11th of May, General Lee announced the death of General T. J. ("Stonewall") Jackson.

Forty thousand invalids' widows' and navy pensions have been asked for since the passage of the act granting pensions for the present war. The widows' applications amount to 19,000.

At a schoolroom in Hartford, Conn., the following rules are posted up: "No chewing tobacco in school hours. No kissing or squeezing the girls in the entry. No snapping-apple-seeds-at-the-garter. No cutting benches with jackknives. No novels allowed to be brought to school."

A clergyman in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, has debarred from the communion table all who in his opinion are "disloyal."

The grain shovellers have struck for higher wages at Buffalo.

Everything is cheap in Japan. A first-class house can be purchased for \$30. Servants work for 50 cents a month. For the use of a horse and groom \$1.50. A person can live comfortably in Japan for two cents a day or 14 cents a week.

### HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesalers Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

In Happy Land.

The boy with the cotton suspender and half a hat, wading in the branch, is envied of millionaires and statesmen, who grew away from him before they had time to realize his happiness.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of *Char. H. Fletcher*

(Advertisement.)

Transferred.

He told the shy maid of his love, The color left her cheeks. But on the shoulder of his coat It showed for several weeks.

### RELISES PAIN AND HEALS AT THE SAME TIME

The Wonderful, Old Reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. An Antiseptic Surgical Dressing discovered by an Old R.R. Surgeon. Prevents Blood Poisoning.

Thousands of families know it already, and a trial will convince you that DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL is the most wonderful remedy ever discovered for Wounds, Burns, Old Sores, Ulcers, Carbuncles, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Throat, Skin or Scalp Diseases and all wounds and external diseases whether slight or serious. Continually people are finding new uses for this famous old remedy. Guaranteed by your Druggist. We mean it. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

There is only one "BROMO QUININE" that is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE on every box. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

# Saved Girl's Life

"I want to tell you what wonderful benefit I have received from the use of Thedford's Black-Draught," writes Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky.

"It certainly has no equal for la grippe, bad colds, liver and stomach troubles. I firmly believe Black-Draught saved my little girl's life. When she had the measles, they went in on her, but one good dose of Thedford's Black-Draught made them break out, and she has had no more trouble. I shall never be without

# THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

in my home." For constipation, indigestion, headache, dizziness, malaria, chills and fever, biliousness, and all similar ailments, Thedford's Black-Draught has proved itself a safe, reliable, gentle and valuable remedy.

If you suffer from any of these complaints, try Black-Draught. It is a medicine of known merit. Seventy-five years of splendid success proves its value. Good for young and old. For sale everywhere. Price 25 cents.

[5-6]

Professional Cards.

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**The Hartford Herald**

HEBER MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX,  
EDITORS.  
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub. and Prop.

Entered at the Hartford post-office  
as mail matter of the second class.

The New York World says: "Trade will follow the flag everywhere." Yes—but what flag? And whose trade?

Many poor people get themselves into trouble and in the hands of the police by trying to imitate the practices of the idle rich.

Breakfast bacon is selling on the local market at 35c per pound, while hogs bring 8c. Somebody—perhaps the big packing houses—seems to be making an immense profit in there somewhere.

The Breckinridge News says: "The ideal dress for a man is a sack coat and a fedora hat." Why not add a collar and necktie, just for appearance's sake, and a pair of shoes, to keep his feet off the hot pavement these days?

The Mayville Public Ledger says they grow strawberries in its neighborhood, of which it takes only twenty-two of some to make a quart. This seems to beat out fish story of last week, and so we haven't anything more to say.

As we understand it, Col. Roosevelt spent a whole lot of money, not to prove that he never took a drink, but that he could drink liquor and never get drunk. Pshaw! There are plenty of men living even in prohibition States who can do that.

Mr. Wood F. Axton, president of the Axton-Fisher Tobacco Company of Louisville, is being "called" by the Moosers to make the race for the Progressive nomination for Mayor of Louisville. Wood is about the best man in their party the Moosers could put forth for this office.

The newspapers of the country stand like tireless sentinels, guarding the interests of the people and the public. Were it not for them, many public abuses and wrongdoings would go on unchecked and unnoticed. In this they are often abused by "interested" parties, but they have the welfare of the public at heart.

The whole press of the State sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. M. Meacham, of the Hopkinsville Kentuckian, in the death of their youngest son, Ralph Tandy Meacham, a very bright young man with a brilliant future before him. While acting as a cadet a year or so ago, he contracted a severe cold in the lungs from which he never recovered.

The Republicans, Progressives and Independent Democrats of Lexington, Ky., are still in much trouble over their fusion arrangements, not being able to perfect a plan to successfully carry the matter through. Good enough for 'em. Fusion may have been an available and desirable plan in other days, but it has no place in modern politics.

Some people are so finical in their criticisms of the newspaper business that they object to what they call "sensational" stories in the press—those giving accounts of robberies, defalcations, murders and the like. They even object to the accounts of prominent high-up men being caught violating the law or engaged in "shady" things. But were it not for the newspapers, there would be more of this sort of devilry. It is not always conscience which restrains men nowadays from committing crime. It is the fear of exposure. And in this exposing business, the newspapers are right onto the job, all the time.

The whisper of official extravagance and unexplained business management of the Kentucky Children's Home Society of Louisville has grown into a very audible murmur of complaint. The report of State Inspector and Examiner Goodpaster into the affairs of this institution shows that it costs on an average of \$569.47 per year for each child it has in charge. Children could be boarded at a first-class hotel for much less than this amount. The large increase in office salaries is not explained. Besides other contributions, it costs the State fifty thousand dollars a year to take care of less than a hundred children. See Mr. Goodpaster's report on the first page of The Herald. The plain facts speak for themselves.

The two newspapers of Hartford are agreed on the fact that rowdies who violate the law in Hartford, are arrested by the town marshal, tried, convicted, and receive their sentence, should be allowed to re-

ceive the full penalty of the law's decree, without equivocation or excuse. This should be a law-abiding place in which to live, but it cannot be made so without the co-operation of the state authorities and their agreement to fully enforce the law in every case. Our worthy town marshal should be supported in his every arrest, especially if the guilt of the party is clearly proven. Otherwise our town will get to be known as a do-as-you-please place for ruffians and drunken rowdies who see no serious penalty confronting them.

**MCBEARY ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY FOR SENATE**

Frankfort, Ky., June 9.—Gov. J. B. McCreary to-night announced his candidacy for United States Senator from Kentucky to succeed W. O. Bradley, Republican. His candidacy is subject to the Democratic primary next year. He will contest in the primary with former Gov. J. C. W. Beckham, who was endorsed in the Democratic primary for the Senate vacancy to which Senator Bradley was elected when a long deadlock in the Legislature was broken five years ago. Congressman A. O. Stanley, of Henderson, is also a candidate.

**B. T. Birkhead Dead.**  
A telegram came to Hartford early Tuesday morning announcing the death of Mr. Ben T. Birkhead, of Owensboro.

Mr. Birkhead, who is the father of our townsmen, Mr. E. E. Birkhead, and a brother of Judge T. F. Birkhead, has been in declining health, superinduced by asthma, stomach trouble and complications, for the past several months. He went to Espanola, Florida, about two months ago and gradually grew worse until death relieved him Monday night. While the time of the funeral has not been fixed, his remains will be brought to Owensboro and interred in Elmwood Cemetery.

The deceased, who was 65 years old, was one of Daviess county's best citizens. He leaves a widow, two sons, H. A. Birkhead, Owensboro, and E. E. Birkhead, Hartford, one daughter, Miss Pearl Birkhead, Owensboro.

**MARRIAGE LICENSE**

J. A. Lake, Centertown, to Pearl Pulliam, Narrows.

Estil E. Peach, Hartford, Route 1, to Irene Hale, Fordsville.

Oscar Taylor, Simmons, to Minnie Maddox, Simmons.

Thurman Taylor, Prentiss, to Ruth Pirtle, Cromwell.

W. P. Barnard, Ceralvo, to Ida H. Lambert, Horse Branch, Routh.

Edward J. Crunk, Wysox, to Elsie C. Shultz, Rochester, Ky.

John Bradshaw, Hartford, Route 7, to Lela Hieftner, Hartford, R. 7.

James W. Jones, Murray, Ky., to Winona C. Stevens, Hartford.

**Public Notice.**

The following named schoolhouses will be let to the lowest and best bidder by the chairman of said Division at the site of said building on dates mentioned below:

Ed. Div. No. 1, sub-Dist., No. 20, Taylorfield, June 25, at 9 a. m.

Ed. Div. No. 2, sub-Dist., No. 3, Etnaville, June 21, at 2 p. m.

Ed. Div. No. 2, sub-Dist., No. 11, Odell, June 28, at 9 a. m.

Ed. Div. No. 2, sub-Dist., No. 18, Oaks, June 28, at 1 p. m.

Ed. Div. No. 3, sub-Dist., No. 14, Fairview, June 21, at 1 p. m.

Ed. Div. No. 5, sub-Dist., No. 9, Independence, June 21, at 9 a. m.

Ed. Div. No. 5, sub-Dist., No. 19, June 21, at 2 p. m.

Ed. Div. No. 5, sub-Dist., No. 10, Taylortown, June 20, at 1 p. m.

Ed. Div. No. 6, sub-Dist., No. 2, Bend, June 20, at 2 p. m.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. All bids must be sealed. Contractor to execute bond with approved security. For specifications and further information, see chairman of their respective Divisions. All bids to be sealed and in the hand of chairman at the time of letting.

**HENRY LEACH, Supt.**

**HOPKINS MOOSE TO HAVE A FULL COUNTY TICKET**

Madisonville, Ky., June 7.—Progressives of Hopkins county met here with M. K. Gordon, county chairman, presiding, and decided to put a full ticket in the field for November election and support the Christian county candidate for the Senate to succeed R. M. Salmon, of Hopkins county. The party will meet June 21 to formulate a local platform. It is probable a ticket will be named at this meeting.

A 17-year-old boy at Cleveland, fishing in Lake Erie, was dragged from his boat by a big fish and drowned. The fish got away.

Subscribe for The Hartford Herald.

**THEY HAD BIG SPELLING MATCH AT WASHINGTON**

**Contest Between Newspaper Men and Statesmen—Some "Stunners."**

Washington, June 6.—An old-fashioned spelling bee, conducted by the National Press Club of Washington, and billed as "a contest between newspaper men and statesmen," was won to-night by Representative Frank B. Willis, of Ohio, after fifteen Washington correspondents, seven Senators and seven members of the House had been "spelled down."

It was an evening of merriment, in which President Wilson, Secretary Bryan and a host of other officials joined.

David F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture, and long a schoolmaster, was "the pronouncer." He encouraged the spellers at first by a series of easy words, giving Senator Ashurst, of Arizona, "cactus," and Senator Poindexter, "moose," but soon he dealt the most difficult words he had been able to find after a careful search of the dictionary.

The ranks of the thirty spellers thinned quickly, and finally only Senator Poindexter, of Washington, and Representative Willis remained. The Senator misspelled "hydrocephalus," and Mr. Willis, a former schoolmaster himself, was awarded the championship.

Some of the words missed were "acacia, cantaloupe, exsiccate, fuchsia, cedrelaceous, caoutchouc, dagueetotype, folaceous, ecumenical, laryngine, guileless, cacique, infest, quintessence, ogee, berylline and bdellium."

Before the spelling bee Secretary Bryan read "an ode to the printing press." The President saw and heard, for the first time, some talking moving pictures. The occasion was the annual ladies' night celebration of the National Press Club.

**Sore Nipples.**  
Any mother who has experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that a cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by all dealers.

**Birthday Party.**  
Centertown, Ky., June 9, 1913. The many friends of Miss Maude Calloway gave her a surprise birthday party Thursday, the 5th, to celebrate her 16th birthday. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Faught, Misses Minnie Landrum, Maude Swain, Irene Davis, Hazel Cummins, Grace Landrum, Roena Rose, Mary Render, Gladys Maddox, Leviza Coffman, Grace Rhoads, Ethel Hunter, Emory Boyd, Ida Mathews, Emma Williams, Emma Wells, Bertha Barnard, Matilda Maddox, Mary Tichenor, Eva Brown, Alpha Bell, Ida Barnard, Minnie Chancellor, Martha Ashby, Beesle Mason, Irene Brown, Nellie Goodall, Lydia Iglesias.

**IN CONNECTION WITH CORN, BARLEY OR OATS.** If you are short on feed you should try bran. I can supply your wants and quote special prices at my produce house.

**W. E. ELLIS**

The Produce Merchant

Hartford, Kentucky.

**"Earthquake" WHAT IS IT?**

Cleans your Carpets or Rugs on the Floor without Removal and Restores the Colors like New.

An Eradicator of Moth.

The Only Cleanser with the Powers of Absorption and Evaporation.

A SIX YEAR OLD CHILD CAN DO IT.

YOUR MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED.

Earthquake Carpet Cleaning Company

AND CARPET DYERS

H. H. Davidson, Supt.

343 E. Market St.

hart, Rena Tichenor, Augusta Geller, Eulah Reneer, Nava Whalin, Flossie Mason, Laura Whalin, Inez Tichenor, Alta McMillan, Angelo Maddox, Pearl Tichenor, Ila Allen, Georgia Rowe, Liva McKernan, Ethel Rowe, Edna Reneer, Maude Calloway, Messrs. Byron Iglesias, E. Fulker, M. Barnard, S. D. Bosket, Stillie Mason, Byron Mason, G. Hedin, A. Rowe, I. S. Ashby, W. Brown, Roy McMillan, C. Knott, J. Withrow, R. Ashby, E. Tichenor, A. B. Faught, E. L. Bullock, E. L. Calvert, L. Calloway, L. H. Bishop, H. Curran, James Calloway, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Bennett, M. Landrum, R. Campbell, Mrs. J. B. Swain, Mrs. J. W. Carter, Mrs. L. W. Tichenor, Mrs. H. B. Ashby, Mrs. A. Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Alva Calloway.

Refreshments were served and all present wished Maude many more pleasant birthdays.

**ONE PRESENT.**

**LEITCHFIELD MAN ENDS HIS LIFE IN CHICAGO**

Chicago, June 5.—R. J. Killick, of Leitchfield, Ky., who has rented a box in the Fidelity Deposit vaults for the last thirty-three years, committed suicide here to-day shortly after having taken several packages from the box. A number of sealed envelopes were found on his person, and from these the police expect to learn the motive for his self-destruction.

The ranks of the thirty spellers thinned quickly, and finally only Senator Poindexter, of Washington, and Representative Willis remained. The Senator misspelled "hydrocephalus," and Mr. Willis, a former schoolmaster himself, was awarded the championship.

Some of the words missed were "acacia, cantaloupe, exsiccate, fuchsia, cedrelaceous, caoutchouc, dagueetotype, folaceous, ecumenical, laryngine, guileless, cacique, infest, quintessence, ogee, berylline and bdellium."

Before the spelling bee Secretary Bryan read "an ode to the printing press." The President saw and heard, for the first time, some talking moving pictures. The occasion was the annual ladies' night celebration of the National Press Club.

**TESTED ITS VALUE.**  
Any mother who has experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that a cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by all dealers.

**IN CONNECTION WITH CORN, BARLEY OR OATS.** If you are short on feed you should try bran. I can supply your wants and quote special prices at my produce house.

**W. E. ELLIS**

The Produce Merchant

Hartford, Kentucky.

**?**

Louisville, Ky., May 2, 1913.

The Earthquake Carpet Cleaning Co. City,

Sirs:—The carpets and rugs that you cleaned for us with Earthquake are entirely satisfactory. The original colors and patterns are restored like new.

We are using it and will continue to do so as long as we get the same results.

Yours truly,

Bosler Hotel Company.

INCORPORATED

By Nic Bosler, President.

Earthquake Carpet Cleaning Company

AND CARPET DYERS

H. H. Davidson, Supt.

343 E. Market St.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

**OLIVER**

**CULTIVATORS.**

**We Are Sole Distributors**

**OF THE FAMOUS**

**Oliver Cultivators**

**ALL DISC, ALL PLOWS OR DISC AND PLOW COMBINATION.**

**Riding Cultivators that ride easy. Easy to operate and will do any kind of cultivating you desire.**

**WE ARE READY TO DEMONSTRATE THE TRUTH**

**of our statements. Write us to send our man and see it**

**Work in Your Own Field.**

**E. P. Barnes & Bro.**

**BEAVER DAM, KY.**

**Important Notice!**

I carry in stock all kinds of Builders' Hardware, such as Valley

# HOW TO KEEP COOL

Is a question that concerns all of us, just at the present time. We are not the ice man, nor are we sellers of cool drinks, but we are dealers in **COOL SUMMER WEARABLES** for the outer man. To be comfortably clothed in warm weather is a problem, but if you will come direct to us, we can easily furnish a solution for it.

For instance, the ladies can find in our house the sheerest fabrics for cool dresses, with a suitable line of the very newest trimmings. Every week brings to us new goods that will add to your comfort.

Again, the men can come to us for light-weight Clothing, cool Underwear, the latest in Straw Hats, summer Shirts, Collars, Ties, etc.

If you desire comfort, see us and we will carefully take care of your needs. Don't forget us, and remember that **IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.**

## FAIR & CO.

THE FAIR DEALERS

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

The Hartford House property, corner Main and Union streets, is being plastered and finished up inside by the owner, Mr. J. W. Ford.

Messrs. George Montgomery and R. C. Tichenor, Centertown, and Worth Tichenor, Hartford, Route 4, were pleasant callers at The Herald office Saturday.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Felix, who had been attending National Park Seminary, Forest Glen, Md., the past year, arrived home Monday afternoon to spend the summer vacation.

Mr. Frank Foreman, Beattyville, Ky., arrived in Hartford last week to make his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Foreman, a visit. Mr. Foreman has a position with the L. & N. R. R. Co.

When in need of anything in the general grocery or meat line, call on J. D. Ralph, at Riley's old stand.

He also handles a complete line of stock and chicken feed. Home Phone No. 69. 191f

Rev. W. E. Saville and wife and Rev. R. D. Bennett are among those from Hartford who are in attendance at the Methodist conference which convened at Livermore, Ky., last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wilkerson, Messrs. Herbert Midkiff and Waymond Wade made a trip to Madisonville and Morton's Gap, Hopkins County, last Sunday in Dr. Bean's automobile, returning Monday.

Misses Ellis Leo Crowe and Dena Bell, Hartford, Route 7, gave The Herald a pleasant call while in town Wednesday.

T. H. Henton, County Road Engineer, will be found at the office of County Judge Wedding on Monday of each week. 2018

Just received a carload of woven wire fencing and barbed wire. Price right.

LIKENS & ACTON, Hartford.

Mrs. J. D. Crowe, Hartford, Route 7, and Mrs. J. O. Crowe, Livia, R. 2, were pleasant callers at The Herald office yesterday.

Mr. Shelby Stevens, who has been attending college at Georgetown, Ky., the past year, arrived home Saturday to spend vacation.

Mr. J. M. Bishop, of Centertown, returned Saturday from a two-months visit to his sons, Oscar Bishop, Williamsburg, Ky., and Chester Bishop, Jellico, Tenn.

candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailer; Judge J. M. Porter, Beaver Dam, and D. A. Royal, candidate for the Democratic nomination for County Attorney, were among our callers Monday.

Mr. W. A. Wilkerson has purchased Dr. L. B. Bean's hotel fixtures and rented his hotel building on Union street and will open up next Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Wilkerson are experienced hotel people and will no doubt get good patronage.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wilkerson have sold their City Restaurant business here to Messrs. Henry Nell and James Lyons. Mr. and Mrs. Wilkerson conducted a splendid business, which will be kept up and well attended to by the new proprietors, who are also thoroughly reliable.

Messrs. Rowan Holbrook and R. E. Lee Simmerman have each bought an automobile. The cars are of the Rambler pattern. Mr. Holbrook's car is a five-passenger and Mr. Simmerman's a seven-passenger car. The cars were purchased at Louisville and arrived in Hartford Thursday by the way of Bowling Green.

Mr. Douglas D. Felix, who had been attending the Kentucky State University for the past four years, arrived home Monday afternoon, having graduated, taking the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He was one of fifteen out of a class of 120, who graduated with honors. This is very complimentary, since he made two years in his chosen profession, the law, during the four years required in his literary course.

Mr. Hooker Williams went to Owensboro Sunday, being called because his wife, who has been in the hospital there for several weeks, was taken suddenly worse. She had revived when he got there, however, and at last account was improving. Mr. Rowan Holbrook, accompanied by his family, took Mr. Williams over in his fast Rambler car, recently purchased. The little children of Mr. and Mrs. Williams are being well taken care of by their grandmother, Mrs. Austin.

Mr. R. C. Tichenor, of Centertown, announces in this issue of The Herald for the Democratic nomination for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Centertown Magisterial District, subject to the action of the Democrats of this district at the general primary, August 2, 1913. Mr. Tichenor is one of Ohio county's best citizens, born and reared on the farm, is a good Democrat and well qualified for the position he seeks. We bespeak for him a good following.

Mrs. P. A. Paul, formerly of Doniphon, Mo., but who was making her home with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Woodward, on Clay street, died yesterday morning, after a lingering illness of troubles incident to old age. She was 88 years of age at the time of her death. The funeral will occur at 10 o'clock this morning at the family residence, burial at Oakwood. Services will be conducted by Revs. English and Bennett. She was a most estimable old lady and will be greatly missed. Her husband, who passed away some years ago, was a Captain in the Civil War.

Stevens-Jones.

On Tuesday, June 10th, noon, at the home of the bride on Main street, Hartford, Miss Winona Stevens and Mr. James W. Jones, of Murray, Ky., were, in an impressive manner, united in marriage by Rev. H. Boyce Taylor, of Murray. The bridal couple was preceded by Rev. Cicil Stevens, of Louisville; Miss Virgie Lewis, Bagdad; Mr. Robert Jones, Murray; Miss May Ward, of Georgetown, Ky., as attendants, and little Miss Chloris Stevens, niece of the bride, as flower girl. The bride was beautifully dressed in a white satin gown and veil and carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaids were dressed in yellow satin and carried white roses.

The color scheme—yellow and white—was carried out in a most attractive manner.

Immediately after the ceremony refreshments were served, and amid the congratulations of their numerous friends the young couple left for Louisville, where after spending a day or two they will go to the mountains of Eastern Kentucky where they will spend a month, after which they will be at home in Murray, Ky.

Mendelsohn's march was well rendered by Miss Margaret Nall.

The bride was the recipient of many valuable and useful presents.

Yes, a Very Lone Hand.

The Hopkins county Moosers are going to put out full ticket. Ohio county Moosers are still playing a lone hand in the combination game.

—Owensboro Inquirer.

Subscribe for The Herald, \$1 a year.

CIRCUIT COURT NOTES.

The Ohio Circuit Court convened in court here Monday with Judge T. F. Birkhead presiding and Commonwealth's Attorney Ben D. Ring and County Attorney C. E. Smith, present, to look after the business of the Commonwealth.

The following named gentlemen were empaneled as grand jurors for the present June term: J. H. Robertson, J. C. Neighbors, Dan Mitchell, J. M. Ross, Albert Quisenberry, Leo Burks, Jesse Hill, Samuel Dawson, W. G. Bennett, J. A. Bellamy, G. L. French and A. J. Stewart. Mr. J. A. Bellamy was designated by the court as foreman, J. M. Ross was selected as sheriff and Jesse Hill as clerk of the grand jury.

The following named gentlemen were empaneled as petit jurors for this term: R. H. Brown, Seth Payne, Joe Thomasson, Alney Tichenor, J. H. Dawson, Carson Park, H. L. Hoover, H. J. Odell, J. M. Chapman, James E. Wilson, A. L. Baird, J. A. Caldwell, S. W. Bell.

The following cases were continued: Com'th. vs. Paul Cooper, Frank Durbin, Chas. Wallace, Mack Henshaw, Argan Bratcher, et al.

The following cases were continued for process: Com'th. vs. Oswald Hocker, Austin Bowling, (4 cases), Geo. Myers, Alton Parris, (2 cases), Sam Cook, Noah Beasley, (2 cases), Elmore Roach, Lee Lloyd, (3 cases), Leonard Wedding, Alton Park, Frank Smallwood, Guy Combs, &c., Israel Jones.

Com'th. vs. App. Robins, &c.—Commonwealth's Attorney filed statement and on his motion this action was stricken from the docket.

The following cases were filed away with leave to reinstate on motion of Commonwealth's or County Attorney: Com'th. vs. Orville Crowe, (2 cases).

On motion of Commonwealth's Attorney the following cases were stricken from the docket: Com'th. vs. Hardin Balze, &c., (2 cases), Frank Allen, &c., John Cleaver, Fielden Balze, &c., (2 cases), Chas. Balze, &c., Geo. Myers, Wm. Bennett, (2 cases), Walter Patterson, Leonard Wedding, Henry Collins, Herbert Chin, Herbert Baker, Joshua Crowe, Richard Stewart, Oliver Daugherty, Amos Taylor, Tom Wilson.

Com'th. vs. Fege Morris, et al., (2 cases)—filed away with leave to reinstate.

Com'th. vs. Alva Wade, &c.—Elli Miller entered plea of guilty to the charge, law and facts submitted to the court and fined \$20 and costs whereupon defendant paid the fine and costs. On motion of the Commonwealth's Attorney this prosecution is dismissed as to the re-instatement of the defendants.

Com'th. vs. Cliff Burden—default judgment for \$25 and 10 days in jail, for carrying concealed a deadly weapon.

The damage suit of Lucinda Wilson vs. Oscar McDaniel was dismissed without prejudice on motion of plaintiff's attorneys.

Com'th. vs. Harry Haynes, charged with seduction under promise of marriage—verdict of jury guilty. Punishment from one to five years in the penitentiary.

Jury Trials—Set Docket.

MONDAY—1ST DAY.

Nannie Heck vs. Clara Rogers.

J. H. Glasscock vs. I. C. R. R. Co.

TUESDAY—2D DAY.

Emmerson Rogers vs. W. C. Blankenship.

J. F. Jones, Admr., vs. I. C. R. R. Company.

Flora Wilson vs. Oscar McDaniel.

WEDNESDAY—3D DAY.

J. H. Bolton vs. E. F. Tichenor.

Alice Shown vs. Tom Ferguson.

Willie Goff's Admr., vs. Broadway Coal Co.

THURSDAY—4TH DAY.

W. H. Curtis vs. I. C. R. R. Co.

H. H. Kincheloe vs. J. B. Boyd.

R. D. Robertson, Echols, this county, was sworn in as an attorney at the Hartford bar Monday.

H. D. Ross, Beaver Dam, Route 2, was sworn in as examiner for Ohio county Monday.

Mrs. Edith C. Miller, stenographer, Owensboro, to assist official stenographer, Mr. Marvin Miller, arrived in Hartford Monday.

Mr. G. B. Likens, Assistant State Auditor, Frankfort, is in attendance at Circuit Court looking after some legal matters.

WANTED—Boy to learn the printing and newspaper business. Must be steady and reliable and should be able to read well. Good opportunity to learn a trade that pays well and is an education in itself.

Permanent position to the right boy. Call at the Hartford Herald office.

Yes, a Very Lone Hand.

Assistant Attorney General M. M. Logan has decided that frogs are not game and can be hunted without a hunting license.

No man is so selfish as to keep all his popularity to himself.

# WATCH THIS SPACE

For a Surprise.

# Rosenblatt's

BASEBALL.

Score.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	RUN
Hartford	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	9	38
Equality	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	8

time after that they were able to stir up any uneasiness among the fans was in the final session when with two down, one of the visitors' best hitters went to the bat. But every one of our boys was "right on his toes" and there wasn't a chance for anything like a baseball to get through them. Robertson pulled down a threatening looking drive, pegged nearly to first, and Equality's hopes had "gone glimmering." Hartford didn't begin to tally till the fifth, but at that period King and Thorpe waked up and each helped himself to a two-bagger with the result that the 11's chalked up two scores. In the next period the locals got their hitting on again and then Taylor and Rickard trotted over the home plate with the required number of runs to sew up the game.

Line Up.

Hartford.	Equality.
Taylor, ss	A. Everly, ss
Thomas, lf	McDougle, lf
Present, cf	Green, cf
Tucker, rf	Morton, rf
King, 1b	Brown, 1b
Robertson, 2b	H. Everly, 2b
Rickard, 3b	Garrett, 3b
Thorpe, c	Addington, c
Barnett, p	Withrow, p

Summary of Game.

Stolen bases—Thorpe 2, Green 2. Two-base hits—Barnett, Klag Thorpe, Green.

Double Plays—Barnett to Robertson to King; Garret to H. Everly to Brown; Rickard to Robertson to King.

Hits—Off Barnett, 8; off Withrow, 9.

Bases on balls—Off Barnett, 3.

III by pitched ball—Green.

Struck out—By Barnett, 3; Withrow, 7.

Hartford will play the Owensboro Grays here Friday, the 13th. Game called at 2:30. Oh, you Friday, the 13th!

Don't fail to see Grover Pirtle, an Ohio county boy, pitch for the Owensboro Grays here next Friday.

The strong Rockport team will play here Saturday, the 14th. Game called at 2:30.

The line up for Friday's game is as follows:

Hartford.	Owensboro Grays
Thorpe, c	Bean, c
Rickard, p	Pirtle or Cox, p
King, 1b	Witmer, 1b
Robertson, 2b	Richardson, 2b
Taylor, ss	Schmitz, ss
Barnett, 3b	Allison, 3b
Thomas, lf	Gabbert, lf
Rosenblatt, cf	Woodward, cf
Tinsley, rf	Haight, rf
Hunter, Sub.	Barnett, Sub.

Matkins—Saville.

Rev. W. E. Saville, pastor of the Methodist Church here, and Miss Pearl Matkins were married at the bride's home in Arcadia, Mo., at 2:30 o'clock last Thursday afternoon.

The bride and groom have the best wishes of every one for their future happiness.

Attention! Co. H.

On the evening of June 14th at 8 p. m. the members of Co. H are required to express a choice for Major of 2d Battalion, 3d Inf., to take the place of Walter Powers, resigned. Other important business will come before the company and every member is urged to be present.

JAMES M. DeWEES.

Capt. Com. the Co.

Buffalo Bill—Col. W. F. Cody—has recovered from a sudden and critical attack of illness in Knoxville,

*The Hartford Herald*

**Illinois Central Railroad—Time Table at Beaver Dam, Ky.**  
 North Bound. South Bound.  
 No. 132—4:05 a.m. No. 121—11:35 p.m.  
 No. 122—12:28 p.m. No. 101—2:48 p.m.  
 No. 102—2:48 p.m. No. 131—8:55 p.m.  
 J. E. Williams, Agt.

**THE PEOPLE AND THE NEWSPAPERS**

**As Regards Constitutional Amendment.**

**A LONG FIGHT FOR ADOPTION**  
**But It Marks a Big Change**  
**In Present System of Government.**

**INDEPENDENT VOTER'S POWER**

Through the proclamation of the Secretary of State of the adoption of the Seventeenth Amendment to the Constitution the legal requirements have been fulfilled, and it is now in full operation throughout the Union.

The agitation for this amendment was begun in the closing years of the eighteenth century, and as far back as 1806 an effort was made in a legislative way to engraft it upon the Constitution.

It has only been in the last 20 years, however, that it has attracted sufficient popular support as to give it any chance for adoption, and that support was gained rather through the abuses that crept into the operation of the system of electing United States Senators by State Legislatures than through any intense desire of the people for the new mode of election.

It stands as a condemnation of the evils of the former method of election and places political power directly in the hands of the voters to an extent that all Federalists would have denounced and many State Rights Democrats would have feared as portending in the ultimate the obliteration of the States' representatives in the Senate and the election of its members by popular vote of the electors of the Union.

We already have a testing of public sentiment as to the nomination of Presidential candidates through national primaries and the doing away of national conventions. The proposal to elect the Presidents through the popular vote of the nation is not far distant at this writing.

This Seventeenth Amendment marks a profound change in our system of government.

It is doubtful if a single other amendment to that Constitution carries with it so great a departure from the views of the founders of the Government as this one, but the unanimity of public sentiment in its favor, brought about through the glaring evils of the original system, must stand as a popular verdict against the old plan and be accepted as a mark of progress in adjusting the Constitution to the requirements of the age and the conditions in the republic.

With primaries for candidates for all elective positions from the highest to the lowest, the "dark horses" of political contests are entirely done away with, while personal and party organizations are destined to stress and storm, and often wreck and ruin, either through the primaries or at the elections which follow them.

The independent voter now holds the whip hand in a greater degree than ever before, and the press of the country gains an influence for beyond any it yet has possessed or wielded.

There will remain political organization, but it will be on far different lines than in the past, and while "dark horses" are precluded from entering the races, the floating vote, the independent vote, the vote of the disappointed and dissatisfied, the uncertain, yet possibly determining vote, will increase with every primary and tell with stunning effect in the succeeding elections.

Under the new dispensation the responsibilities of the press are vastly augmented by reason of the increased influence it will possess in determining public questions, or in favoring or opposing the election of candidates for public office. (Cincinnati Enquirer.)

**HILL NYE'S COW AND WHAT HE SAID OF HER**

Bill Nye advertised his cow for sale once upon a time as follows: "Owing to ill health I will sell at home in town 19, range 18 west,

according to Government survey, one crushed raspberry colored cow, aged 8 years. She is a good milkster, and not afraid of cars—or anything else. She is a cow of undimmed courage and gives milk frequently. To a man who does not fear death in any form, she would be a great hoon. She is very much attached to her home at present by means of a trace chain, but she will be sold to anyone who will agree to treat her right. She is one-fourth Shorthorn and three-fourths Ilyena. I will also throw in a double-barrel shotgun, which goes with her. In May she generally goes away somewhere for a week or two and returns with a tall red calf with wobbly legs. Her name is Rose, and I prefer to sell her to a non-resident.

**IMAGINATION MAY KILL**  
**—INSTANCES PROVE IT**

I deem it a cruel thing to have insisted that "Mr. Walker must die of poison" when he had lived so long.

Had he been a patient of mine I should have declared that he could not die, and proceeded with my saving methods. When my father was a medical student the following story was told him:

A large, stout fellow was awaiting his day to be hanged for murder. Some doctors persuaded the Warden of the prison to allow an experiment, promising not to hurt the man, provided the criminal consented.

The doctors told him that they could bleed him to death, and spare his relatives the ignominy of his being hanged, and he readily consented to die that way.

He was placed upon a table, a thin pan put on the floor at his feet, and another placed high above it, with a puncture to let the water out in drops.

The man's eyes were covered and his body fastened to the table, and a blunt instrument used, to press hard against his foot. Then the water falling in big drops into the pan made a noise that convinced the man that he was being bled.

The doctors talked low about the quantity of blood he might have, and occasionally felt his pulse, and in a whisper stated he would be dead in a few minutes longer, and he did die without one drop of blood having been taken.

Many people have died because of having been told that they must die, when, if they had been told that they would not die, they would have recovered. (Letter to Washington Post.)

Each age of our lives has its joys. Old people should be happy, and will be if Chamberlain's Tablets are taken to strengthen the digestion and keep the bowels regular. These tablets are mild and gentle in their action and especially suitable for people of middle age and older. For sale by all dealers.

**(Advertisement.)**  
**Subtraction.**

The teacher was hearing the youthful class in mathematics.

"No," she said, "in order to subtract, things have to be of same denomination. For instance, we couldn't take three pears from four peaches, nor eight horses from ten cats. Do you understand?"

There was assent from the majority of pupils. One little boy in the rear raised a timid hand.

"Well, Bobby, what is it?" asked the teacher.

"Please, teacher," said Bobby, "couldn't you take three quarts of milk from two cows?"

**Most Children Have Worms.**

Many mothers think their children are suffering from indigestion, headache, nervousness, weakness, costiveness, when they are victims of that most common of all children's ailments—worms.

Peevish, ill-tempered, fretful children, who toss and grind their teeth, with bad breath and colicky pains, have all the symptoms of having worms, and should be given Kickapoo Worm Killer, a pleasant candy lozenge, which expels worms, regulates the bowels, tones up the system, and makes children well and happy. Kickapoo Worm Killer is guaranteed. All druggists, or by mail. Price 25c. Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., Philadelphia and St. Louis, James H. Williams.

(Advertisement.)

**Children Cry**

**FOR FLETCHER'S**

**CASTORIA**

**(Advertisement.)**

Silence is a difficult argument to beat.

**LIVER PILLS**

Sugar-coated and all vegetable. Dose, only one pill at bedtime. For constipation, bilious headache, indigestion.

Ayer's Pills. Sold for 60 years.

Ask Your Doctor.

Lowell, Mass.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE PROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold.

Druggists refund money if it fails to cure.

R. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 25c.

For classy job printing: The Herald

**FEARFUL PANGS OF CONSCIENCE**

**Do Not Always Deter People From Crime.**

**DREAD OF BEING FOUND OUT**

**Is the Inner Force Which Usually Restraints Men From Deviltry.**

**MODERN IDEA OF WRONGDOING**

There is a notion that the stings, the "scorpion whips" of conscience, constitute the most frightful and agonizing punishment which the human evil-doer can suffer.

This notion is taught almost exclusively in the old-time books on religion and morality, in the hope that it would deter men and women from the commission of sins with threats of future spiritual punishment to back it up.

But it is not too much to say that we have reached a point in human development when the stings of conscience and the fear of future punishment have very little effect upon the deliberate and intentional perpetrators of serious crimes. This is seen in the fact, instances of which are made manifest every day, that public officials and private persons in business of various sorts whose lives are secretly long courses of crime, but who, until finally they are exposed, live in the odor of the highest respectability—political, social and financial—who probably never felt a twinge of conscience, but are crushed with the shame and humiliation of having their black lives made public.

Good men, upright and honorable in their lives, but who either in self-defense or purely by accident have taken a human life, have been made to undergo extreme stings of regret, while the really bad man fears nothing but exposure, and until he is called to account, is noted for his cheerful disposition and his happy and free-from-care frame of mind.

It has come about that conscience and fear of spiritual misery only operate on the good, while the secretly wicked and criminal can only be made to suffer for their sins by having them brought to light, with the result of pointing out upon them the shame and humiliation which alone they had reason to dread.

Therefore, punishment for crime ought to invoke as much publicity and humiliation as possible, wherever it seems to be the object in the administration of justice to subject the criminal to as little exposure as possible, and if one should happen to get a term of imprisonment he is saved as much as possible from the hardships of prison life and from the degradation of wearing the "stripes"—the badge of the criminal.

It is only the shame and humiliation of exposure that make the real punishment for such criminals, and if the punishment has been as free from degrading conditions as possible, when he receives his pardon he will feel that the worst that happened to him is the loss of time spent in prison, and whether he shall have reformed or not, he determines not to be "found out" again.

The real punishment for such criminals is complete exposure and humiliation, and if these are made as light as possible there is no retribution. (New Orleans Picayune.)

**A Worker Appreciates This.**

Wm. Morris, a resident of Florence, Oregon, says: "For the last fourteen years my kidneys and bladder incapacitated me for all work. About eight months ago I began using Foley Kidney Pills, and they have done what other medicines failed to do, and now I am doing and feeling fine. I heartily recommend Foley Kidney Pills." Foley Kidney Pills do not contain habit-forming drugs and are tonic in action, quick in results. They will help any case of kidney trouble not beyond the reach of medicine. For sale by all dealers.

**(Advertisement.)**

**Why He Failed.**

Tramp—Yes-m, I wunst had a good job managin' a hand laundry, but it failed on me.

Lady—Poor maa. How did it happen to fail?

Tramp—She left an' went home to her folks.

**Notice**

If you want clothes of any kind cleaned, call on the Hartford Pressing Club. We can clean any kind of clothes you have and guarantee perfect satisfaction. We also have a new line of late samples and we guarantee a perfect fit. Call on us when in need of work in our line.

**Hartford Pressing Club**

**FRED NALL, Mgr.**

• • • • •

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• ed to. Please bear this in mind. •

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Heads, Cards, Envelopes, Statements, Etc.—nowadays. Prices

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• THE HERALD, Hartford, Ky. •

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# SERVIA'S SIDE OF BALKAN TROUBLE

Stated In a Very Comprehensive Manner.

## THE CAPTURE OF ADRIANOPOLE Considered One Of the Most Unjust Acts of the Bulgarian Warfare.

### THE MINISTER OF WAR TALKS

Servia's side of the controversy growing out of the Balkan war is set forth in a translation of the statement made by the Servian Minister of War to the Chamber of Deputies. The translation is made by Theodore Zirkovich, professor of agriculture and president of the Servian Confederation.

It follows in part:

"Since the war broke out in the Balkans the Servian nation and Servian army have been ignored by certain newspapers, especially Austrian and German ones, which, as is well known, are enemies of the Slavs, and especially of the Kingdom of Servia. No honest and informed Slav is surprised by the treatment of the anti-Slav press. It is evident that Austria tried to prevent enlargement of the territory of the Servian nation through intrigues among the small Balkan States. The youngest and the smallest kingdom of the Balkan peninsula are not strong enough to fight against intrigues of an old hypocritical government like Austria."

"Many Servians and other Slavs anticipated that the preliminary agreement between Bulgaria and Servia would be disregarded, and would result in a national loss to Servia. Bulgaria and Servia, as nations, for several decades have been drifting apart. At the time when Servia was the first State in the Balkans the Turks were afraid the Servians would start a revolution, and for that reason persecuted them in every possible way."

"In time, when Servia won its independence, many Bulgarian teachers were educated in its schools. Thousands of books were printed and sent to Bulgaria secretly, and other assistance toward national culture and progress was rendered. At that time Bulgaria was still subject to Turkey."

"All that Servia did for Bulgaria was unappreciated, then, and is less appreciated now, since the Bulgarians are being led by a king, German by birth and feeling—King Ferdinand. One of the many facts indicating this condition occurred at the last general meeting of the Slavic Sokol Society, in 1911, in Sofia, Bulgaria. At this time, at the request of Germany and Austria, King Ferdinand and his prime minister left Sofia to avoid meeting Slavic representatives. It would be unfair not to recognize that some of Bulgaria's sons are Slava at heart, but these are in such a minority that their influence cannot be felt."

"When the war broke out between Servia and Bulgaria in 1885, the Servian government and army were in a state of corruption, influenced by King Milan's regime. At that time Bulgaria was in a way victorious and from then to now the links of friendship have been broken one by one."

"After the disgraceful activities of Austria against Servia, like that of Austria against Montenegro, comes the ungrateful attitude of Bulgaria in refusing to acknowledge Servia's assistance in the capture of Adrianople. Since the first volley in the Balkan war Bulgaria has blown its horn so loudly that the other Balkan States have been almost unheard. Not content with gaining more ground than Greece, Servia, or Montenegro, Bulgaria, like a hungry wolf, after war is stopped is ready to grab more from Greece and Servia."

"When the report first came from Austria and Germany that Bulgaria would start, or had started, to fight with Greece and Servia, we discredited it, even though we knew that Bulgaria was an untruthful partner in the Balkan alliance. We could not let ourselves believe that country would show its malicious character so quickly to its loyal friends."

"One of the most unjust acts of Bulgaria against Servia was the capture of Adrianople. Before this the whole world knew that Bulgaria could not carry on the bombardment and attack so strong a fortress as Adrianople without Servia's up-to-date and heavy guns and the large army Servia sent to assist in the capture of the stronghold. Even the Bulgarian papers, before the

forts were captured, wrote commendatory articles about their brother Serviana and their goodness in helping them.

"As soon as news came of Adrianople's fall, all telegrams and news omitted mention of Servia's aid, and not a single word came from Bulgaria about Servia's army and its valuable assistance. No, not a word."

"The reason that the minister of war was called upon to give in the Chamber of Deputies full details and facts in regard to the Servian army in Adrianople was to show to the world the real facts in the capture of that city."

"The statement of General Mihailo Bozanic, Servian Minister of War reads in part:

"Our army, under command of General Stepanovitch, in front of Adrianople, consisted of 47,868 men, including the officers, and besides that, forty officers and 971 sub-officers of artillery. The army was maintained at the expense of the Servian government."

"The Servian army had instructions to attack the best part of Adrianople. It not only attempted, but took, ditch by ditch, until all had fallen into our hands. Both of our divisions did their full duty with great courage, resulting in the capture of 17,000 Turkish soldiers and 300 officers. I am informed Shukri Pasha, the defender of the city, gave himself up to the twentieth regiment of our forces. Our losses were 452 dead, 1,917 wounded; twenty-six dead from wounds, 600 died of disease, and there were 19,327 cases of sickness."

"This statement shows that Servia has a right to say that the Servians practically captured Adrianople, although the Bulgarians get the glory and credit for it."

### CUSTOMER JUST WANTED THE EGGS ELIMINATED

In the South they say it is customary for waiters to ask when breakfast is ordered, "How will you have your eggs?"

One morning a man had ordered some cakes, rolls and coffee, says the Chicago Record-Herald. When the waiter asked "How will you have your eggs?" the man replied, "You may eliminate the eggs this morning."

The negro looked at him and went to the kitchen. Returning shortly he said: "Eh—say, mister, how did you say you would have your eggs?"

The man replied, "I have said you could eliminate the eggs." Back went the negro to the kitchen, but returned pretty soon and said: "Say, mister, we have got a splendid chef, who has worked in most of the largest and best places in the North, and he says he doesn't have to eliminate any eggs."

#### Its Gender.

A somewhat angular, severe-looking apniter was standing on the station platform outside a mail coach, inspecting, with undisguised curiosity, the ingenlous net arrangement which is able to sweep in mail bags while the train is in swift motion, says Anawars.

"Is she working all right?" asked one of the officials.

"Ay, ay, Bill," replied his mate, when suddenly the lady touched him on the shoulder.

"Why do you call it 'she?'" she inquired, as usual athirst for information.

"Because, madam, it's a mail catcher," replied the courteous official.

And the sniff of the angular spinner almost drowned the shrill whistle of the engine, then preparing to move on.

#### Guaranteed Eczema Remedy.

The constant itching, burning, redness, rash and disagreeable effects of eczema, totter, salt rheum, itch, piles and irritating skin eruptions can be readily cured and the skin made clear and smooth with Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. Mr. J. C. Eveland, of Bath, Ill., says: "I had eczema twenty-five years and had tried everything. All failed. When I found Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment I found a cure."

This ointment is the formula of a physician and has been in use for years—not an experiment. That is why we can guarantee it. All druggists, or by mail. Price 50c. Pfeiffer Chemical Co., Philadelphia and St. Louis. James H. Williams. (Advertisement.)

The tobacco crop of 1912 was one of the best in quantity and quality ever produced in Cuba. From unofficial sources the volume was stated at about 64,000,000 pounds, or about 527,000 bales, which were valued at a total of about \$20,000,000.

Women can stand more pain than man can. However, she isn't expected to suffer in silence.

By doing a man a favor you may convert him to the theory that one good turn deserves a dozen more.

## QUESTION ABOUT OUR NEW STATES

### And the Dividing Up Of Present Ones.

## THE MATTER OF PUNCTUATION

### Seems To Govern the Question Of Division—Authorities Differ.

## EFFECT OF THE PUNCTUATION

When Texas came into the United States it was the common belief that eventually it would make four.

For several years there has been talk of dividing California into two States, and this has been revived since the Japanese complications have risen.

Recently there has been much serious discussion of a proposal to divide Florida into two States, and the public men and newspapers of that commonwealth have been moved to express well-defined opinions on the subject.

Strange as it may seem, it has developed that on the punctuation of the provision of the Constitution of the United States relative to the formation of new States may depend, eventually, the decision of the question as to any one or all three of the States concerning which division has been suggested.

The Constitution provides that "no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State, nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or parts of States, without the consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of Congress."

This provision is copied, punctuation and all, from the Constitution as it is printed in the Iowa Official Register. But the question has arisen as to whether a comma, a colon, or a semicolon properly is used after the word "State," at the end of the clause "within the jurisdiction of any other State," and before the word "nor."

The World's Almanac uses the comma, but Judge Charles O. Andrews, of Florida, discussing the question, uses a semicolon; while the Constitution as it appears in the revised statutes of Florida carries a semicolon, and the semicolon is used in the Federal Statutes Annotated. Of course the original copy of the Constitution will govern, and the fact that Kentucky, Tennessee and Maine were cut off from Virginia, North Carolina and Massachusetts, would indicate that the comma is correctly used. However, West Virginia was cut from Virginia and it has been insisted that it was invalid because the Legislature did not approve it, but the new State does business just the same.

The effect of the punctuation is obvious. A semicolon at the point indicated would forever preserve Texas, California and Florida as they now are; but doubtless their own Legislatures never would consent to their division even if not guarded and saved by a semicolon. —[Des Moines Register.]

#### Getting Even.

The visitor at the Panama Exposition at San Francisco noticed a large space in the center of which stood a pedestal. On the top of the pedestal reated a large lemon in a steel cage.

"What does that represent?" asked the visitor.

"That is the Japanese exhibit," responded the guide.

#### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

(Advertisement.)

#### WITH HIS LONE LEG HE PULLS THE MULTITUDE

Atlantic City, N. J., June 7.—E. L. Jones, who gave his address as Yankton, S. D., was found begging to-day on the Boardwalk. Ordered away, he went to Atlantic Avenue. There Detective Charles Apple found him seated on the sidewalk. Jones has only one leg and can contort that ad that he looks like a hopeless cripple. He let policemen lift him into the patrol wagon. In court he was fined \$20.

"I'm satisfied if you are," said he. "Took in over a hundred right here. Have a smoke," and he pulled out a roll of bills and some good cigars.

Next he showed the police a cancelled mortgage for \$10,000 dated 1906.

"I made that \$10,000 on a tour

through the West on a begging trip and paid off the balance on a \$15,000 ranch I own near Yankton," he explained. "My trip this time is to get \$10,000 more to buy some new stock. I've been on the road five months and I've got more than half the money."

Jones was put on the first outbound train and warned not to return.

#### A SERVIAN MARRIAGE.

The lot of the Balkan woman is probably the hardest in Europe. As is general throughout the Near East, she is the sole worker in and mainstay of the family.

The one joyous period of her life is when she marries, for then, at any rate, she is allowed to play a prominent part in the proceedings.

A Servian marriage feast lasts any time up to a week. Often enough it begins on a Monday morning, and it is only with the greatest difficulty that guests are persuaded to go home on the next Sunday night.

The primitive life and hard conditions of Servian and Bulgarian women were described by a former resident in Servia, who said that men generally married women older than themselves. Said he:

"Courtship in Servia is not carried on by the young couples, but by relatives, who act as intermediaries for the match-making rather."

"The betrothal party always carries a large bunch of flowers, and the father brings with him a large cake made of wheat and poppy seeds.

"The party march into the kitchen of the girl's house, their first action being to stand by the door. This is to act as a reminder to the prospective bride that there is no escape for her.

"After much bargaining and drinking by the men (the women are excluded), the marriage is arranged and the man's father hands to the bride's father the wheaten cake with money and flowers on top of it. This is the betrothal contract.

"By this time it is thought that the girl is entitled to take part in the proceedings and she is called into the kitchen. She kisses the hands of her prospective father-in-law, and is then entitled to consider herself an engaged woman.

"The wedding feast is so expensive that the poorer peasants have discovered a romantic way of saving money. This is by kidnapping the bride, by arrangement, and carrying her off to church, where the priest is in waiting." —[London Mirror.]

When your child has whooping cough be careful to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will also liquefy the tough mucus and make it easier to expectorate. It has been used successfully in many epidemics and is safe and sure. For sale by all dealers. —(Advertisement.)

#### Notice.

The Hartford Magisterial District A. S. of E. will meet with the Washington Local on Saturday, June 21, 1913, at 10 o'clock a. m. See that your local is represented.

G. P. JONES, Ch'm'n.

BYRON BEAN, Sec'y.

#### For Weakness and Loss of Appetite

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic,

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILI TONIC, drives out

Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic

and sure appetizer. For adults and children, 50c.

#### The Largest Magazine in the World.

To-Day's Magazine is the largest and best edited magazine published at 50c per year. Five cents per copy at all newsdealers. Every lady who appreciates a good magazine should send for a free sample copy and premium catalogue. Address, To-Day's Magazine, Canton, Ohio. 10¢

#### His Way.

Visitor (to facetious farmer)—"I'd like to know why on earth you call that white pig 'ink'?"

Facetious Farmer—"Because he's always running from the pen!"

Occasionally one gets too much of a good thing in the way of a better half.

#### Tutt's Pills

FOR TORPID LIVER.

A torpid liver deranges the whole

system, and produces

SICK HEADACHE,

Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheu-

matism, Sallow Skin and Piles.

There is no better remedy for these

common diseases than DR. TUTT'S

LIVER PILLS, as a trial will prove.

Take No Substitute.

—

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chat H. Fletcher*, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paraffin, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chat H. Fletcher*.

## The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

**The Hartford Herald****L. & N. RAILROAD TIME TABLE AT HARTFORD, KY.**

The following L. & N. Time Card is effective from Thursday, Jan. 23:

North Bound—  
No. 112 due at Hartford 7:19 a. m.  
No. 114 due at Hartford 2:55 p. m.  
South Bound—  
No. 116 due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.  
No. 118 due at Hartford 1:46 p. m.

H. E. MISCHKE, Agt.

**TOBACCO GROWERS FORM A POOLING ASSOCIATION****A Thousand Planters Meet At Madisonville—Members In Fourteen Counties.**

Madisonville, Ky., June 7.—At a meeting of tobacco growers held here to-day, at which fourteen counties in this section were represented, an organization was formed, to be known as the Consolidated Tobacco Growers' Association of Kentucky, with headquarters at Henderson. There is no capital stock. The object of the organization, as set forth in the by-laws, is to represent the membership in handling, grading, marketing of tobacco, and to obtain a reasonable price for same, and rent, lesse, own, build, provide and maintain warehouses for storing, grading and handling tobacco and to prepare the same for the market.

Delegates from the Steaming District Association, American Society of Equity, Green River Association and the Farmers' Union, all of the organizations in this district with which tobacco growers are affiliated, were in attendance. The new association is intended, it is said, to take the place of those organizations, in so far as the pooling of tobacco is concerned.

There were at least 1,000 growers present, every county being represented with the exception of Crittenden. Dr. D. A. Amos, of Trigg county, was present, and took an active interest in the meeting. It is thought that a majority of the growers in the district will soon be in the new association.

**MAXWELL.**

June 9.—Rev. Hartford, of Livermore, filled his regular appointment at Bethel Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Watson, of Heflin, attended preaching at Bethel Sunday.

Misses Jennie Humphrey, of Livermore, Claude Bennett, of Green River, and Marks Bell, of ——, attended preaching at Bethel Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Watson, of Heflin, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hudson.

Mr. and Mrs. Rich Watson, of Heflin, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Barr here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Calhoun, of Livermore, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Calhoun.

Messrs. Hubert Wright and Jake Bell, of this place, attended the decoration services at Livermore Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Hartford, of Livermore, dined with Mr. and Mrs. Ed Richardson Sunday.

**SULPHUR SPRINGS.**

June 7.—Mrs. Carson Duncan, Barrett's Ferry, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. J. B. Canan, at this place for the past week, returned to her home yesterday, accompanied by her mother and sister, who will make her a few days visit, after which they will leave for Cleaton, Ky., to make their future home.

Dr. Ellis Jones, wife and little son Glenn, of Keeler, Okla., and Mrs. Ella Hudson and children, Robert and Dimple, Sapulpa, Okla., who have been the guests of Chas. L. Huff and family for the past several days, have gone to Fordsville for a short visit, after which they will return to their Western homes.

Little Miss Diaple Kuykendall, Narrows, has been visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Duff and other relatives at this place for the past few days.

Mr. —— Thompson, Louisville, has been at the Springs on business this week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Acton left last Thursday for the benefit of Mrs. Acton, who has been in declining health for the past few months. They went first to Leitchfield and spent several days with relatives, but are now in Louisville, the guests of Mr. Acton's sisters, Mrs. Frank Atkinson and Mrs. Charles Clegg. They will possibly remain there for several weeks, after which they will visit other points of interest before going to Boonville, Ind., to make a visit to Mrs. Acton's niece, Mrs. Clara Helrett. They

will not return before the latter part of the summer or early fall. Prayer meeting at this place is progressing nicely.

Candidates numerous.

**ROCKPORT.**

June 9.—Leonard Anderson, a white youth, was acquitted in Mayor or Jackson's court Thursday on a charge of shooting Lyburn Wilson with a 38-caliber revolver. Self-defense was the plea entered by the defendant.

Mr. Oscar Taylor and Miss Minnie Maddox, of Broadway, were married at the Yeiser House in Hartford last Wednesday afternoon. Rev. E. B. English officiating. Miss Lillian Fulkerson and Mr. Harrison Maddox were the attendants. Mr. Taylor is a well known young man of Broadway and is employed by the Broadway Coal Co. Miss Maddox is a pretty and popular young lady with a large circle of friends. They will reside at Broadway.

Miss Helen Drummond, of Louisville, delivered an interesting lecture at the Presbyterian church here Friday night. Her subject was "Temperance in the Home, in Drink and in Love."

Rev. A. C. Dorris, of Lewisburg, pastor of the Rockport Baptist Church, preached an interesting sermon at the Baptist church Sunday night. His subject was "Consider ye the end as well as the Beginning," and was delivered in an interesting manner by this well known divine.

Prof. Clyde Mitchell, of Bowling Green, has been selected as principal of the Rockport High School this year. He succeeds Prof. A. D. Kirk, who resigned to take up the practice of law. Prof. Mitchell comes well recommended to the people of Rockport and will no doubt make an excellent official.

He will have for his assistants Prof. W. H. Kirk, of Fordsville; Miss Ruth Hammonds, of Horton, and Miss Jessie Raley, of Rosine.

Mr. C. W. Wallace, of Cromwell, has opened up a new market and produce house on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Nickol and children have returned home after a visit to relatives at Henderson and Dawson Springs.

Dr. J. D. Maddox, of Owenton, was in Rockport Saturday, en route to West Providence, where he will visit relatives.

Mrs. K. F. Hyatt and children, of Clinton, are the guests of relatives near town.

Mrs. Lewis Rogers, of Harrisburg, Ill., is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. P. O. McKinney has returned home after a visit to relatives at Hartford.

Mrs. W. H. Bartlett, of Owenton, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Bartlett, on Long street.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Rhoads are the guests of relatives at Paradise.

Mrs. Stella Hawley, of Kuttawa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Robertson.

Mrs. Jack Hoynes and daughter, Margaret, of Evansville, are the guests of relatives here.

Mr. L. R. Tilley, of the Porter & Draughon Business College, at Evansville, was in Rockport last week.

Mr. Daniel Tichenor has returned from a visit to relatives at Central City.

County Attorney C. E. Smith, of Hartford, was in town Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Muir have returned to their home at Central City, after a visit to relatives near Jubilee.

Mrs. Carrie Russell, of Hopewell, was in town Saturday.

Mr. B. H. Robertson has returned from a business trip to Tennessee.

Attorney A. D. Kirk, of Hartford, was in town Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roht, Green, of Howling Green, are the guests of Mrs. Nannie Heek.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Hunley, of Hopewell, were in town Saturday.

Mrs. W. G. Reid is the guest of relatives at Leitchfield.

Mr. S. P. McKinney, of Cromwell, was in town Saturday.

**DEANFIELD.**

June 9.—Mrs. Marlow Haynes, of Bonnville, Ind., is spending a few weeks with friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Mollie Spurrier, of Louisville, Ky., is spending a few days with her father, Mr. G. W. Kelly.

Mrs. Lee Scott and children, of Owensesboro, are spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Roberts.

Mrs. Susie Clark and children have moved here from Illinois.

Mrs. E. H. Miller went to Owensesboro Friday.

Mrs. William Curtis and children spent a few days last week with her parents near Fordsville.

Little Mary Lee Evans has flux.

Mr. Joe Evans and daughter Ol-

ie went to Hartford Monday.

Serbia and Bulgaria have fallen out over the division of Turkey

and are about to go to war.

ing Mrs. Bartlett because the moth-

**OBITUARY.**

Joseph Forest Taylor was born in Butler county, Ky., October 16, 1833, and died by drowning in Taylor's Lake, June 2, 1913. He was trying to cross the lake by holding to the wire used by the ferryboat, when from some cause he let loose the wire, swam a few feet and went down and was drowned.

He professed religion and joined the Baptist Church in the year 1908, and lived an acceptable member until death. Forest was a bright, noble young man, loving and friendly in his disposition and was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

Sad, indeed, was his sudden going away but his broken-hearted father, mother, sisters and brother feel assured that he had made the necessary preparation for the great hereafter; hence in their deep sorrow they cherish the hope of seeing him again in "the sweet by-and-by."

The writer and Bro. Wade conducted appropriate religious services, after which the body was buried in the family graveyard. How true it is that "in the midst of life we are in death."

The death of Forest Taylor was one of those strange, mysterious things we meet with in this world. Why one so bright, so kind, so loving, so full of promise, should be so suddenly taken away, we cannot tell. We can simply rest upon the assurance that "The Lord, God omnipotent reigneth" and that He in His mercy and goodness will overrule all these sad, mysterious occurrences for the good of all who trust in Him and do His will. Hence it is said "All things work together for good to them that love God and are the called according to His purpose."

We extend our sincere sympathies to the bereaved family and request that each member of the family read John, 21th chapter.

R. D. BENNETT.

**Notice.**

The A. S. of E. Stock Committee will ship stock from Beaver Dam June 23. All those having stock to ship will please notify the Committee.

R. T. PORTER.

S. L. STEVENS.

L. B. TICHENOR.

Committee.

**HORTON.**

June 9.—Rev. Vanhooy preached the funeral of Mr. Kinch Martin at Bethel Thursday. His remains were then buried in the Leach burying ground. It can be truly said that a good man has gone to his reward.

Mrs. Watts, daughter Loraine, sons Emmerson and Tommie, of Louisville, are visiting Mr. C. E. Crowder's family.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Austin, daughters, Misses Bessie and Corinne and son Earl Pendleton, Mrs. Nancy Ashford, daughter Miss Flora and their visitor, Miss Maggie Miller, attended church at Salem church Sunday.

Mrs. Molle Miller, of Williamsburg, visited Mrs. Ella Wilson Saturday.

**WEST PROVIDENCE.**

June 9.—On account of recent dry season, farmers have not made much success. Breaking for late planting has not been completed.

Rev. Hiram Brown filled his appointment here Saturday.

Rev. Otis Maddox gave an interesting lecture here Sunday. Rev. Maddox has been on an extended visit through many different States on foreign mission work.

Mrs. Mary Maddox is spending a few weeks with relatives in Butler county.

Mrs. Mary Ashby is visiting relatives in Hopewell vicinity.

Messrs. Roht, Stevens and L. W. Vantress have moved their mill onto Mr. J. P. Brown's farm.

**Birthday Dinner.**

Mrs. Wesver Hocker's many friends and neighbors entertained her June 7 at her cozy little country home in honor of her 49th birthday. All came with well filled baskets. A large table was spread in the shade and a bountiful dinner was served in picnic style, there being about 112 people present. The afternoon was spent in a social manner, with splendid music on the organ. The happy event was brought to a close by singing the hymn "God Be With You Till We Meet Again," and benediction and prayer by Mr. Jimmie Fulkerson.

We all wish Mrs. Hocker many more years of usefulness.

**A NEIGHBOR.****STOKE SPENDS DAY AT OHIO CONDUCTOR'S HOME**

Geneva, Ohio, June 6.—August Bartlett, of the Lake Shore Railroad, had a reception day this week at his house. On Wednesday morning, he went to Hartfod Monday.

Serbia and Bulgaria have fallen out over the division of Turkey

and are about to go to war.

ing Mrs. Bartlett because the moth-

er of a fine boning daughter. Half an hour later valuable mare gave birth to a colt, and when Bartlett came in to breakfast the hired girl informed him that there was a whole incubator full of chickens hatching out. And, as if all this wasn't enough for one day, a sow on the place gave birth to a litter of pigs after dinner.

**TRUSTEES' AND TEACHERS' MEETING AT GREEN BRIAR**

Report of Trustees' and Teachers' meeting Educational Division No. 5, at Green Briar, June 7, 1913.

For Cromwell—E. S. Howard. Union—Shelby Shultz, Cooper Leslie Miller. Taylor Mines—Mrs. S. O. Keown. Green Briar—S. W. Taylor. Independence—J. H. Allen. Taylortown—Harry Leach. Oakwood—T. H. Park. Jubilee—Aaron Ross. Old No. 19—Miss Ruth Hammon. Elmwood—Marvin Taylor. Goshen—Miss Ethel Raines. Cool Springs—Miss Erdine Bunch. Union Hill—Frank Miller. Sulphur Springs—Miss Annie Carter. Leaving Prentiss, Shultztown and South Beaver Dam to select teachers later.

1 p. m. Prayer by Prof. Andrew Ross. Remarks by the chairman.

"School Government" was discussed by Mrs. S. O. Keown and W. A. Casebier.

Mr. E. W. Howard gave an interesting talk on "Duties and Rights of Pupils," followed by excellent talks by Aaron Ross and John Allen.

"Should Agriculture be Taught in the Rural Schools," was ably presented by E. G. Austin, Robt. Jackson, Harry Leach and Logen Smith. Mr. Austin spoke principally on the real value of commercial fertilizing. Mr. Jackson favors scientific farming as a means of restoring depleted soil. Mr. Leach gave an excellent talk upon conservation of the soil. Mr. Smith thinks it is only a matter of a few years when agriculture will be taught in rural schools.

Mr. J. A. Leach gave some practical ideas on "The Teacher's Relation to the Parent."

"Mutual Duties of the Parent and Teacher" was discussed by Prof. Ross, followed by J. M. Brown, E. G. Austin and Mr. Park.

The "Teacher's Reward" by Mr. Casebier was instructive. He thinks one reward is that the teacher has the consciousness of being engaged in a useful and honorable calling.

"Alms of our School" was well presented by Mrs. Samantha Acton.

At the conclusion of the program a Teachers' and Trustees Association was organized for Division No. 6.

**ARMY ENLISTMENTS ARE BECOMING HARDER**

Washington, June 9.—Increasing difficulties in securing enlistments for the army are becoming so grave an appeal may be made to Congress by the Secretary of War to amend the existing enlistment laws if the army is to be kept up to its normal strength.

The reports indicate an unwillingness among the young men of the country to contract away their time for a period as long as seven years, even after it is explained to them that only four of these years must be spent with the colors.

With growing demands for troops for garrison duty in Hawaii and the Canal Zone and for the recruitment of the existing regiments up to the full strength, this failure of the recruiting service is giving serious concern to army officers.

**REELFOOT LAKE TITLE ACTION NOW SETTLED**

Nashville, Tenn., June 7.—A Jackson, Tenn., special says that the Supreme Court there